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| <p style="text-align: center;">Behaviorist</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">● B.F. Skinner was a behaviorist who studies behaviors.● He focused more on voluntary behaviors.● Skinner studied behaviors through the reinforcement theory on pigeons.● The behaviorist theory believes in giving a reward for a desired behavior.● This theory refuses to believe what goes on internally in the mind. It is based on the reasoning of observable behaviors. | <p style="text-align: center;">Cognitive</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">● This theory was put into place by Piaget.● This theory focuses on the mental processes that individuals use to respond to the environment.● Behaviorists believe that practices stimulates a response to a stimulus.● Cognitivists create a mental model of short and long term memory.● Cognitivist believe in a broad perception of learning. |
| <p style="text-align: center;">Constructivist</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">● This theory engages learners in meaningful experiences.● Learners in this theory create their own interpretations of the world.● Constructivist believe that students should make their experiences one with their own experiences.● The teacher should create conditions that students can interpret their own understanding without being taught specific information.● Students are able to develop their own knowledge. | <p style="text-align: center;">Social-Psychological</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">● This theory was created by Slavin.● This theory relies on the fact that psychologists look at the way social organization of the classroom affects the learning.● Slavin created a set of techniques such as small group learning, learner-controlled learning, and a rewards based group achievement. |